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- (b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant shall report with respect to such plant in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section. Receipts of milk that would have been producer milk if the plant had been fully regulated shall be reported in lieu of producer milk. The report shall show also the quantity of any reconstituted skim milk in route disposition in the marketing area.
- (c) Each handler described in §1000.9(c) shall report:
- (1) The product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, pounds of solids-not-fat other than protein (other solids), and the value of the somatic cell adjustment pursuant to \$1000.50(p), contained in receipts of milk from producers; and
- (2) The utilization or disposition of such receipts.
- (d) Each handler not specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section shall report with respect to its receipts and utilization of milk and milk products in such manner as the market administrator may prescribe.

§ 1033.31 Payroll reports.

- (a) On or before the 22nd day after the end of each month, each handler that operates a pool plant pursuant to §1033.7 and each handler described in §1000.9(c) shall report to the market administrator its producer payroll for the month, in the detail prescribed by the market administrator, showing for each producer the information described in §1033.73(e).
- (b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant who elects to make payment pursuant to \$1000.76(b) shall report for each dairy farmer who would have been a producer if the plant had been fully regulated in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1033.32 Other reports.

In addition to the reports required pursuant to §§1033.30 and 1033.31, each handler shall report any information the market administrator deems necessary to verify or establish each handler's obligation under the order.

CLASSIFICATION OF MILK

§1033.40 Classes of utilization.

See § 1000.40.

§ 1033.41 [Reserved]

§ 1033.42 Classification of transfers and diversions.

See § 1000.42.

§ 1033.43 General classification rules. See § 1000.43.

§ 1033.44 Classification of producer milk.

See §1000.44.

§ 1033.45 Market administrator's reports and announcements concerning classification.

See § 1000.45.

CLASS PRICES

§ 1033.50 Class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

See § 1000.50.

$\S 1033.51$ Class I differential and price.

The Class I differential shall be the differential established for Cuyahoga County, Ohio which is reported in §1000.52. The Class I price shall be the price computed pursuant to §1000.50(a) for Cuyahoga County, Ohio.

§ 1033.52 Adjusted Class I differentials. See § 1000.52.

§ 1033.53 Announcement of class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

See § 1000.53.

§ 1033.54 Equivalent price.

See §1000.54.

PRODUCER PRICE DIFFERENTIAL

§ 1033.60 Handler's value of milk.

For the purpose of computing a handler's obligation for producer milk, the market administrator shall determine for each month the value of milk of each handler with respect to each of the handler's pool plants and of each handler described in §1000.9(c) with respect to milk that was not received at

a pool plant by adding the amounts computed in paragraphs (a) through (i) of this section and subtracting from that total amount the value computed in paragraph (j) of this section. Unless otherwise specified, the skim milk, butterfat, and the combined pounds of skim milk and butterfat referred to in this section shall result from the steps set forth in §1000.44(a), (b), and (c), respectively, and the nonfat components of producer milk in each class shall be based upon the proportion of such components in producer skim milk. Receipts of nonfluid milk products that are distributed as labeled reconstituted milk for which payments are made to the producer-settlement fund of another Federal order under §1000.76(a)(4) or (d) shall be excluded from pricing under this section.

- (a) Class I value.
- (1) Multiply the pounds of skim milk in Class I by the Class I skim milk price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class I by the Class I butterfat price.
 - (b) Class II value.
- (1) Multiply the pounds of nonfat solids in Class II skim milk by the Class II nonfat solids price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class II times the Class II butterfat price.
 - (c) Class III value.
- (1) Multiply the pounds of protein in Class III skim milk by the protein price;
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of other solids in Class III skim milk by the other solids price; and
- (3) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class III by the butterfat price.
 - (d) Class IV value.
- (1) Multiply the pounds of nonfat solids in Class IV skim milk by the nonfat solids price: and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class IV by the butterfat price.
- (e) Compute an adjustment for the somatic cell content of producer milk by multiplying the values reported pursuant to \$033.30(a)(1) and (c)(1) by the percentage of total producer milk allo-

cated to Class II, Class III, and Class IV pursuant to §1000.44(c);

- (f) Multiply the pounds of skim milk and butterfat overage assigned to each class pursuant to \$1000.44(a)(11) and the corresponding step of \$1000.44(b) by the skim milk prices and butterfat prices applicable to each class.
- (g) Multiply the difference between the current month's Class I, II, or III price, as the case may be, and the Class IV price for the preceding month by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I, II, or III, respectively, pursuant to §1000.44(a)(7) and the corresponding step of §1000.44(b);
- (h) Multiply the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class IV price by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat assigned to Class I pursuant to §1000.43(d) and the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to $\S1000.44(a)(3)(i)$ through (vi) and the corresponding step of \$1000.44(b), excluding receipts of bulk fluid cream products from a plant regulated under other Federal orders and bulk concentrated fluid milk products from pool plants, plants regulated under other Federal orders, and unregulated supply plants.
- (i) Multiply the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the nearest unregulated supply plants from which an equivalent volume was received and the Class III price by the pounds of skim milk and butterfat in receipts of concentrated fluid milk products assigned to Class I §1000.43(d) pursuant to §1000.44(a)(3)(i) and the corresponding step of §1000.44(b) and the pounds of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to $\S1000.44(a)(8)$ the corresponding step §1000.44(b), excluding such skim milk and butterfat in receipts of fluid milk products from an unregulated supply plant to the extent that an equivalent amount of skim milk or butterfat disposed of to such plant by handlers fully regulated under any Federal milk order is classified and priced as Class I milk and is not used as an offset for any other payment obligation under any order.

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(j) For reconstituted milk made from receipts of nonfluid milk products, multiply \$1.00 (but not more than the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class IV price) by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat contained in receipts of nonfluid milk products that are allocated to Class I use pursuant to \$1000.43(d).

[64 FR 47991, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 65 FR 82838, Dec. 28, 2000; 68 FR 7067, Feb. 12, 2003]

§ 1033.61 Computation of producer price differential.

For each month the market administrator shall compute a producer price differential per hundredweight. The report of any handler who has not made payments required pursuant to §1033.71 for the preceding month shall not be included in the computation of the producer price differential, and such handler's report shall not be included in the computation for succeeding months until the handler has made full payment of outstanding monthly obligations. Subject to the conditions of this paragraph, the market administrator shall compute the producer price differential in the following manner:

- (a) Combine into one total the values computed pursuant to §1033.60 for all handlers required to file reports prescribed in §1033.30;
- (b) Subtract the total values obtained by multiplying each handler's total pounds of protein, other solids, and butterfat contained in the milk for which an obligation was computed pursuant to §1033.60 by the protein price, the other solids price, and the butterfat price, respectively, and the total value of the somatic cell adjustment pursuant to §1033.30(a)(1) and (c)(1);
- (c) Add an amount equal to the minus location adjustments and subtract an amount equal to the plus location adjustments computed pursuant to \$1033.75:
- (d) Add an amount equal to not less than one-half of the unobligated balance in the producer-settlement fund;
- (e) Divide the resulting amount by the sum of the following for all handlers included in these computations:
- (1) The total hundredweight of producer milk; and

- (2) The total hundredweight for which a value is computed pursuant to §1033.60(i); and
- (f) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents from the price computed pursuant to paragraph (e) of this section. The result shall be known as the producer price differential for the month.

[68 FR 7067, Feb. 12, 2003]

§ 1033.62 Announcement of producer prices.

On or before the 13th day after the end of each month, the market administrator shall announce publicly the following prices and information:

- (a) The producer price differential;
- (b) The protein price;
- (c) The nonfat solids price;
- (d) The other solids price;
- (e) The butterfat price;
- (f) The somatic cell adjustment rate;
- (g) The average butterfat, protein, nonfat solids, and other solids content of producer milk; and
- (h) The statistical uniform price for milk containing 3.5 percent butterfat, computed by combining the Class III price and the producer price differential.

[64 FR 47991, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 65 FR 82839, Dec. 28, 2000; 68 FR 7068, Feb. 12, 2003]

PAYMENTS FOR MILK

§ 1033.70 Producer-settlement fund.

See §1000.70.

§ 1033.71 Payments to the producersettlement fund.

Each handler shall make payment to the producer-settlement fund in a manner that provides receipt of the funds by the market administrator no later than the 15th day after the end of the month (except as provided in §1000.90). Payment shall be the amount, if any, by which the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this section exceeds the amount specified in paragraph (b) of this section:

- (a) The total value of milk to the handler for the month as determined pursuant to §1033.60.
 - (b) The sum of: